interest in and understanding of the function of a juvenile court, and by variations in the policies of the courts in the disposition of cases. As more courts are established the additional returns may exaggerate an apparent increase in delinquency or may underestimate a decrease. In some communities the juvenile court is the only available agency to provide services to children; in others there are well established agencies serving children of which the juvenile court is only one.

It should be noted, too, that the total figures do not represent the actual number of children charged and found guilty but rather tend to exaggerate them, for a child referred to the court two or more times during the year for different offences is counted as a different case each time. Neither do the figures represent the number of offences committed by offenders, as when a child is charged with more than one delinquency at a hearing only the most serious offence is counted.

Reports of juvenile delinquents were received in 1955 from 157 of the 169 judicial districts. Twelve of these had no cases to report. Separate reports were received in 1955 from 159 incorporated urban centres of 4,000 population or more.

Juveniles Before the Courts.—The number of cases of juveniles brought before the courts in 1955 was 8,187, an increase of 5.6 p.c. over 1954. Newfoundland and Alberta showed the greatest percentage increases among the provinces.

99	-Juveniles	hannaht	hofono	tha	Counta	B. w	Dravingo	1051.55
23	-Juvenues	orought	before	une	Courts	D.Y	Province	1391-99

Province or Territory	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	Percentage Change, 1954-55
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Juebec Intario Manitoba Saskatchewan Hitish Columbia Yukon Territory Northwest Territories	194 55 554 275 1,348 3,441 404 71 285 893 1	223 29 425 274 965 3,370 454 84 368 1,021	207 37 594 247 1,306 3,531 405 54 421 1,023	229 43 650 235 1,229 3,331 422 62 463 1,037	269 31 576 210 1,323 3,605 455 58 602 1,058	$\begin{array}{c} +17.5 \\ -27.9 \\ -11.4 \\ -10.6 \\ +7.6 \\ +6.6 \\ +7.8 \\ -6.5 \\ +30.0 \\ +2.0 \\ -\end{array}$
Canada	7,521	7,213	7,829	7,751	8,187	+ 5 6

24.—Percentage Change in the Number of Boys and Girls brought before the Courts 1946-55

Year		rcentage Cha n Preceding		Percentage Change from 1945			
I ear	Boys' Cases	Girls' Cases	All Cases	Boys' Cases	Girls' Cases	All Cases	
946. 947. 948. 949. 950.	$\begin{array}{c c} & -3 & 3 \\ & -5.1 \\ & -9 & 0 \end{array}$	- 5.8 -17.3 - 1.3 -24.0 +11.8	$\begin{array}{c} -10.8 \\ -5.1 \\ -4.7 \\ -10.7 \\ +3.8 \end{array}$	-11.4 -14.4 -18.7 -26.0 -23.8	- 5.8 -22.0 -23.1 -41.6 -34.7	-10.8 -15.3 -19.3 -27.9 -25.1	
9511 952 953 954 955	- 5 0 + 8 3 - 0 6	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.3 \\ +4.5 \\ +11.0 \\ -4.2 \\ +25.9 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} + \ 3.0 \\ - \ 4.1 \\ + \ 8.5 \\ - \ 1.0 \\ + \ 5.6 \end{array}$	-20.9 -24.8 -18.6 -19.1 -16.4	$ \begin{array}{r} -38.1 \\ -35.4 \\ -28.3 \\ -31.3 \\ -13.5 \end{array} $	-22.9 -26.1 -19.8 -20.6 -16.1	

¹ Newfoundland included from 1951.